The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIII. QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1897. No. 1

DON'T LOSE

—YOUR—

Grain - Bags

MARK THEM WITH

DIAMOND ✦ DYES

ALL COLORS

10c. Per Package

HENDERSON & PARKER

DRUGGISTS,

QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

Successors to J. A. Unsworth & Co.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,

BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS PROMPTLY MADE.

Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS:
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg.
MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA, Toronto.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station - - Assa.

CREAMER & GRAY,

DEALERS IN

American and Canadian

Wagons, Plows and Bicycles,

Carriages, Buckboards, Horse Rakes, Harrows, Twine, Barb Wire, Etc.

AGENTS FOR

McGormick's

BINDERS and MOWERS.
SYLVESTER DRILLS.

Full stock of Repairs always on hand

Office and Warehouse:
Pacific Ave., one door east of Leland hotel.
QU'APPELLE STATION, Assa.

Fresh Killed Meat

H. BRAY,

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHER

QU'APPELLE STREET

QU'APPELLE STATION.

DRESSED : PORK : AND : POULTRY
BOUGHT : AND : SOLD.

CUSTOM SOLICITED

Oranges Lemons, Bananas, Groceries,

Canned Goods, Tobaccos, etc. A fresh stock

AT MRS. AMBLER'S.

FOR : SALE

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s Lands.

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Co.'s Lands,

Canadian Mortgage Co.'s Lands.

Qu'Appelle Station Townsite Lands.

Also some bargains in

IMPROVED FARMS

Call at once as these lands are being rapidly sold.

Waite & Doolittle,

AGENTS.

QU'APPELLE VALLEY

FLOUR - - - - MILLS

(Established 1884).

FORT QU'APPELLE.

GRISTING

HUNGARIAN PATENT, STRONG BAKERS, GRAHAM } FLOUR

BRAN, SHORTS, CHOP, CRACKED WHEAT.

Chopper for Grinding Feed Stuffs.

Full supply always on hand at CREAMER & GRAY'S, Qu'Appelle Station.

Support Local Industry.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON,
PROPRIETORS.

WOLSELEY

FLOUR

Strong Bakers $2.45.
Patent 2.60.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Slight advance on cost until sold out.

GEO. AMBLER.

CITY MEAT MARKET

R. Johnston,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Butcher.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, AND POULTRY.

Corned Beef, No. 1 Smoked Hams and Bacon, Dry Salt Bacon, Salt Fish.

Fresh B. C. Salmon Every Friday.

LETTUCE, ONIONS, RHUBARB.

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station. Assa

T. COWAN,

Blacksmith and Carriage Maker

Horseshoeing and all Repairing done on shortest notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

QU'APPELLE STATION, Assa.

Declares His Policy

Mr. Haultain Before the People At Moose Jaw — Party Lines Not Recognized.

At a meeting held in the town hall, Moose Jaw, on Friday night last, for the purpose of hearing Mr. Haultain and his colleagues, Mr. Haultain remarked that having the misfortune of not knowing many of them personally, and yet being well received and well spoken of in Moose Jaw, he must ascribe it to the long and pleasant association, and he hoped profitable association, he had enjoyed with their member, Mr. Ross. The chairman had told them that that was an important occasion. It was so, possibly in some senses one of the most important in the history of their local politics, and he only felt that the principal actors who were called upon were not perhaps quite what they might be. The chairman had aptly stated of Mr. Ross and himself (the speaker)—and it might be said of others who had been engaged in Northwest policies—that they had grown up in the country and had been engaged from a very early time with the work of the country. If to-day they were not quite what might be expected from the titles and the size of the letters on the posters which announced that meeting, the people must not be disappointed. He did not wish to cast any reflection on the committee who had charge of the arrangements, on he must say that they altogether disclaimed some of the titles given them on the posters. They had no title to the name of "honorable" so far as it was a title, except what they hoped to be able to make good by their actions. (Hear, hear.) There was no room for titles in this country; they had no right to use them, and he would like to take that very early opportunity in their new official career to say it was not by their wish, nor by any claim set forth by them, that they had had those high sounding names attached to them in the posters or newspaper press. He hoped he was simply a practical man who had had an opportunity of being engaged in the work of carrying on the government of this country and who had had the great responsibility placed upon him of continuing to carry on the government until he was replaced by some one considered more worthy. Moose Jaw, he believed, was the first place which organized as a municipality in the Territories; the first place which assumed those voluntary burdens which people living in a community had necessary for their common welfare. Moose Jaw was again distinguished as the first place which formed a school district—a particular distinction that. Moose Jaw was identified to a certain extent with the very active dairy movement in the Territories. In this respect he need only mention Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Watson. It had been stated that at that meeting the new Northwest government would announce its policy. He wished to say on behalf of the government that they had no very striking or brilliant policy to lay before them. Certainly they had a policy, and the government must have a policy if they wish to retain the confidence of the people. The change which had lately taken place, important and significant as it was in the front of government, was not a change which enabled them, or would enable any other men entrusted with the duty they had to perform, to branch out in any very new or startling lines. It was a change of name. The name was more honorable, the duties were somewhat larger and the responsibilities were correspondingly greater, but so far as policy was concerned they were necessarily bound down by what had been going on for the last few years and what they found in actual existence to-day. The change from the Executive Committee to the Executive Council was important and significant. An Executive Council meant something; an Executive Committee, unfortunately, did not mean a very great deal. An Executive Council brought with it all the traditions and precedents of self-governing communities in the rest of the Dominion. With an executive council they had men who were responsible to the people, through representatives, for all the work controlled by the assembly. But while this was so they were bound down by the conditions as they found them—notably were they bound down by the very pressing conditions, and found themselves in very much the same position, as previously, respecting income. In order to arrive at the present position of affairs he asked them to go back for a few years in the constitutional development of the Territories. When he spoke of constitutional development he meant that development of their institutions which had enabled the men, whom they entrusted to go to Regina, to make laws with regard to roads, bridges, schools and other matters which concerned their business and every day lives. The whole question of constitutional development had been the question whether the people themselves should manage their own affairs, or whether somebody else, and not their representatives and responsible to the people, should manage their affairs. (Hear, hear.) He (Mr. Haultain) referred to that very gradual change which had taken place from time to time when everything connected with the government of the Territories was at the mercy and control of a single irresponsible individual known as the Lieutenant-governor. The general principle on which Mr. Ross and his colleagues in the Northwest Council worked with, and afterwards one of those who came here on, was that they should be responsible men to the business of the Territories, so far as it came within the jurisdiction of the local legislature, by men who would be answerable to the representatives of the people, and consequently answerable to the people themselves. He need not take up time in discussing the events of the first Legislative assembly—how the assembly fought with the Federal government for the control of the money which was being spent in the Territories, and necessarily for the control of all business, because the men who controlled the expenditure must also control the work of government. The result was that in 1891 the Federal Parliament passed an act handing over the Federal money expended in the Territories to the control of the assembly. From that date what he called responsible government in the Territories began. By the term responsible government he did not mean an elaborate system of government which prevailed in any of the six provinces or any other country. Responsible government did not mean any particular form of government; it simply meant government by the people—government answerable in some way to the people. As it then was it was done by the people of their own affairs. At present, with all the very large powers they had, they fell short of a province. In asking the meeting to consider the history of the last six years, he asked them to consider that the members of the assembly of the Executive Committee of the assembly—and that meant to a certain extent, at least so far as the business and legislation of that time was concerned, members of the present government were directly concerned with struggling for the control of affairs of the Territories by the people's representatives. Every year something had been done, some new power had been granted. Their jurisdiction had been extended, small amount of money had been given notwithstanding the Federal Acts of 1891, 1894, 1895, 1896, and finally the crowning act of 1897—there was established a fully responsible form of government, so that to-day they had almost as large a measure of self-government and of autonomy as any of the provinces. The constitutional development had been gradual, progressive and in keeping with the development of the Territories themselves. There had been no grasping after theoretical power, no simply claiming as rights things that they did not want. Lest anybody should be afraid at the idea of their getting this large measure of responsible government looking them into expensive and elaborate machinery, he would say the idea of the present government was to carry on the business as they believed it had been carried on—in as simple but useful a manner as possible, consistent with the requirements, conditions and income of the Territories. It had been found quite enough to have two men at Regina to carry on the business. The same two men would continue under a new name. The work would be done in the same offices, by the same men and at the same salaries. It had been said that every child was born either a little Grit or a little Conservative. (Laughter). So far as the business of the Northwest Territories was concerned, and so far as the Legislative Assembly was concerned—that was as far as he had anything to say to it—he did not know those names. (Applause.) He would like to introduce another name into the political vocabulary as being the name of a better party, and what he believed would be a more united party, and more effective for carrying on the work of the country and that was the simple, plain name of "Northwesters." (Applause.) In federal politics he was a Conservative (hear, hear); he became aware that Mr. Ross was a Liberal (hear, hear) and consequently his opinions although he did not agree with him, and Mr. Ross and him of had agreed to disagree. At the same time it was Mr. Ross' right, and it was his (Mr. Haultain's) right, when federal questions came round, to vote their own opinions, to vote their own way, and to act as they pleased without regard to local interests. He believed in party government, but in parties of the constitutional and reasonable groups (a) he knew were out of the business they had to transact. [illegible] the policy of the [illegible] Council was to [illegible] for a [illegible] was to carry out with a proper understanding of the necessities of the country, to public works and education. The present government intended to take exactly the same [illegible] they have good reason, [illegible] of communication, [illegible] schools, to bring [illegible] every long way [illegible] (Hear, hear.) He was the most [illegible] consistently [illegible] they had [illegible] escaped a long [illegible] the latest [illegible] [illegible] the Dominion, [illegible] [illegible] claim that simple [illegible] Assembly and the [illegible] remedy which was [illegible] [illegible] Tory set before [illegible] words which they [illegible] and gladly and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Sweet Caporal

Cigarettes, Standard of the World.

KINNEY BROS.,
New York.

—THE—

Qu'Appelle : Progress

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

At the Printing Office, Qu'Appelle Station, Assa., N.W.T., Canada.

Subscription Price $1 per annum in advance; $1.50 if not so paid.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Business cards as per arrangement according to space.

Transient Ads, such as Legal Notices, By-Laws, Tenders, Notice of Meetings, etc., 10 cents per line first insertion, and 5 cents each subsequent insertion, solid nonpareil measure.

Reading notices in local columns 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Found, Astray, etc., 50c for first insertion, 25c for each subsequent insertion. This class of ads. must be accompanied by cash to insure publication.

Church Notices and Society Entertainments from which a revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents per line.

Rates for Commercial, Contract and Permanent advertisements will be furnished on application.

A liberal commission allowed to parties willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

S. T. SCOTT,
Editor and Proprietor

THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1897.

THE GRAIN COMBINE.

The Toronto Globe commenting on the grain combine in the West, says: "Everybody seems to be anxious to plead not guilty to the charge of combining against the western farmer, but the farmer isn't satisfied with these disclaimers. He declare he is not obtaining for wheat the price he has a right to expect, and he believes there is an African in the fence somewhere, although he may be unable to give the African a local habitation and name. Banks also have been accused of combining to keep prices down, and this charge, too, has been denied. In the meantime, such journals as the Tribune persistently assert that the combine does exist. If a combination exists the bovernments both at Winnipeg and Ottawa, ought to do all in their power to bring about its destruction. If there is doubt about the matter, possibly investigation by competent and impartial men would be in order. It is important in the interests of settlement not only that the farmers should be fairly treated, but that they should have no reasonable ground for doubt on that score."

Experimental Farm records this season convey a valuable lesson to farmers. At Brandon the yields were, per acre: Wheat, 23 to 40½ bushels: oats, 39 to 78 bushels; peas, 36 to 46 bushels; and at Indian Head, wheat, 25 to 42 bushels; oats, 30 to 101 bushels; barley, 49 to 77 bushels; peas, 20 to 45 bushels. As to the experiments on stubble and summerfallow the results were very noticeable, the yield on the former ranging from 20 to 25 bushels per acre, while on the latter it advanced from 30 to 40 bushels per acre.—Neepawa Press.

DR CHASE'S OINTMENT

FOR ALL

Itching, Torturing, Distressing, Disfiguring Skin Diseases,

there is nothing gives such quick relief and promotes such rapid healing as this wonderful Ointment.

GEO. LEE, MANSFIELD, ONT., says he was troubled with Eczema on the hands so bad that he could not work. He had doctors treating him, and tried all the remedies he heard of, but of no avail. At night the itching was so severe he could not sleep. Dr. Chase's Ointment being recommended to him he tried it, and one box completely cured him. He wouldn't begrudge $50 for the benefit he received.

Price, 60 cents. Sold by all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Special Advice to Ladies Who Contemplate Coloring Cotton Goods.

If a merchant or anyone else tells you that package dyes prepared for all wool goods will color cotton goods equally well, do not believe them. A person making such an assertion knows little about dyes and dyeing work.

Vegetable fibres require special dyes. Such dyes are not made by the makers of imitation and common package dyes. Special dyes for vegetable fibres, such as cotton and mixed goods, are made only by the proprietors of Diamond Dyes, and every color is simply perfection.

These special Diamond Dye cotton colors are great chemical discoveries, and confined entirely to the Diamond Dyes. The colors are sixteen in number, are immensely popular with carpet, rug and mat makers everywhere. Cotton goods dyed with these Diamond Dye Cotton colors never fade in sun or washing.

If you are about to dye cotton goods, or desire to color rags for carpets and mats, be sure and ask your merchant for Fast Diamond Dyes for Cotton and Mixed Goods. He should keep the full variety—sixteen useful colors.

SPRINKLING WITH OIL.

A New Scheme for Preventing Annoyance From Dust on Railroads.

Oil for laying dust on tracks ballasted with gravel and cinders is used on the West Jersey and Seashore Railroad. J. H. Nichols, assistant engineer, informs the Engineering News that this plan has passed the experimental stage, and that they are only waiting the completion of a car for distributing oil mechanically to cover all dusty places on the road. At the present time there are about four miles of track so treated. The rails are kept clean by means of a shield. The result obtained is a complete freedom from dust at points which were formerly the most dusty on the division. The spraying will be required but once a season after the renewal of ties.

When it becomes necessary to disturb the track for repairs it will probably be necessary to spray again, but it is thought that after not more than three applications the ballast will be impregnated with the oil to a sufficient depth to render subsequent treatment unnecessary. The oil is of a special kind, having two properties fitting it for this use: First, it is penetrating and tenacious; and second, it is not combustible as used, but can only be burned by converting it into a spray almost resembling a gas in fineness. It is almost without volatile ingredients and has therefore but little odor, and that not of an unpleasant character, even when first applied, and its odor decreases on exposure. The oil can be distributed in place at a total cost of less than $50 per mile of single track.

This is the Genuine Article.

"I witnessed a spectacle in Texas the other day which has done me more good than all the homilies on Christian charity and helpfulness I have ever listened to," said R. K. Worthem of Memphis. "My business had called me to Whitney, in that State, and when I reached my destination I was unable to find out any of the persons I had gone to see by reason of the fact that they had all gone out in the country to help in the work of clearing the weeds out of the crop of a sick farmer named Hamilton. It appeared that Hamilton had been confined to his bed by sickness for several weeks, and his crops as a consequence had become very foul, he being wholly dependent on his own exertions to keep them clean. When his busy neighbors learned of his condition and prospects they spread the report through the country, and a movement was at once started to afford him the necessary relief. The only thing to be done was to go into his fields with plows and hoes and give his crops that attention necessary to their salvation. Every man in the country proffered his services, and even the merchants chipped into a fund for the hire of a substitute list. The sick farmer's place swarmed with muscular, broad-chested Texans for days. They went to him in relays, and it so happened that it was the turn of the people I wanted to see at Whitney to give their help the day I visited that place. As a result of it Farmer Hamilton will make good crops this year, even though he is sick and unable to work. I wonder if neighbors help one another like that in St. Louis or any other big city in the world, where millions are annually spent through organized charities?"—St. Louis Republic.

The Optimist.

When President McKinley recently said that the optimist was the happy man and the successful man he expressed a great truth. There have been fortunes made on the wrecks of others, and there have been gains from pieces of gloom and predictions of disaster, and many an unfortunate person has been scared into a sacrifice which meant wealth for some one else; but these things are the calamities of life. The great, big, bustling, busy world has been built up by the optimists. The man of confidence is the man who has won, the factor who has accomplished the impossible and made civilization outstrip the miracles. Sometimes the optimist may fall, but he always has the capital of his own unconquerable hopefulness to begin anew and he generally succeeds when he sets the pessimists falling all around him.

Optimism strung the telegraph wires, laid the cables, built the railroads, constructed the ships, planned and executed a thousand great things which have meant millions upon millions of wealth and untold benefits to mankind. It is the same spirit that gives to all trade its best motive, to all employment its finest results. And now that we are on the threshold of better times, it is the sentiment that the country needs. The great opportunities are in the future. In a country like this which has just begun to grow, wealth, reputation and happiness are all to be found in larger degree than ever before, and the optimist is the man who is going to get the larger share of all these blessings.—Leslie's Weekly.

Quick Work in Peach Trees.

J. H. Hale, the greatest peach grower on earth, gets ripe peaches two weeks earlier by the following method: In the middle of the growing season put a strong wire around a large arm of a tree and twist it fairly tight. This checks the flow of sap and causes the buds to form early and in greater number. The fruit on the branches of this arm will ripen two weeks earlier than that on the untreated branches and will be much more highly colored. But this part of the tree will be so weakened by the treatment that it should be cut away after fruiting that new shoots may come and take its place. Thus one large arm or limb of a tree may be forced each year.

Two Agonizing Diseases

Quickly Banished by Paine's Celery Compound.

Two Thankful Letters That Should be Read by Suffering Men and Women.

For the effectual banishment of rheumatism, sciatica and neuralgia, Paine's Celery Compound is without doubt the best medicine that human science has ever produced. This marvelous remedy, devised by Professor Edward Phelps, M.D., one of the ablest physicians that ever lived, has won the hearty praise of millions of people for the wondrous cures it has wrought in all lands. It is only a medicine with such a record of cures that can attain a world-wide reputation. It has saved men, women and children, many of whom had been given up by the doctors. It does its work quickly and well; it eradicates every trace of disease; it builds up, fortifies and makes active every mortal whose limbs have been crippled and deformed by rheumatism, and drives away the terrors of neuralgia.

To-day the ablest doctors freely prescribe Paine's Celery Compound for tortured rheumatic and neuralgic people. The thankful letters received each year from the cured in every section of Canada would, if published in book form, make a large and interesting volume.

The following letters will surely inspire all rheumatic and neuralgic sufferers with a new and lively hope of a better and happier life. Mrs. F. McMann, of Thorold, Ont., says:

"I think it my duty to let you know what Paine's Celery Compound has done for my husband. For two years he suffered very much with rheumatism in the back, and became so bad that he could not bend, stoop or sit in a chair at table, and I was obliged to take his meals to him while he lay in bed. He was treated by various physicians, but received no benefit until he used Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle gave him relief, and after he had used six bottles he was quite free from the rheumatism. He was troubled with piles for fourteen years, and found great relief from the Compound. He says he feels like a new man just now. We think there is no medicine like Paine's Celery Compound."

Mrs. A. Acheson, of Montreal, says:

"Two years ago I suffered intensely from neuralgia in the head, face and shoulders. I was in a terrible condition, and often so tortured that I could not rest or sleep. I became very weak and feeble, had giddy and faint spells and often could not attempt to go out on the street. My appetite became poor and digestion very weak. At night, while in bed, I often had oppressive and smothering feelings; my whole nervous system was run down and very weak.

"I had been under the care of a medical man and used varous medicines, but no relief came to me from these sources. I fortunately heard of your Paine's Celery Compound; I decided to give it a trial, and I bless the day I commenced with it. I used it for several months, and now I feel as well as I ever did. All my pains have been banished, I sleep and eat well, and find myself a new woman. I heartily recommend Paine's Celery Compound to all who are in need of an honest and true curing medicine.'

DR CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

Nothing equal to it for clearing the head and cleansing the air passages. Gives instant relief for cold in the head. Cures incipient Catarrh in a few days; Chronic Catarrh in one to three months. A specific for Hay Fever.

MR. JAS. SPENCE, CLACHAN, ONT., writes: "I had been a sufferer from Catarrh for 15 years. I spent lots of money and tried several doctors, also a Catarrh Specialist in London, Ont. At last I was directed by the advertisements and testimonials I read to try Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. I used 3 boxes, and a complete cure was effected."

Price, complete with blower, 25 Cts.

Sold by all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Ont.

The Queen Of Top Draught Heating Stoves

It will save you 25 to 50 per cent fuel. Only stove made with draft on top. Cleanest stove made. No ashes or fire can get on floor. Only stove absolutely safe. The Queen Heater is more of a heating machine than it is a stove. It can be regulated like a lamp. You can have your room any temperature you wish. Will positively keep a slow burning fire 48 hours by putting in one large stick or knot. Will heat a room 20 feet square in ten minutes in cold weather, or no sale. Absolutely air tight and the cleanest stove in the world. No opening of any kind—no ashes, dust or soot can get out. No trouble to operate. One fire lasts all winter if you will put in a stick of wood every twelve hours. Keeps fire all night—any night and every night, is a hand-some stove the outside being Russia iron, lined with steel, and needs no blacking. The most powerful heating stove, and yet will save half the fuel of the average stove. Burns large knots, chunks, chips, cobs and trash. Never require to remove the ashes only once every one or two months. No ashes to sieve and spoil a good suit of clothes. Will take stick 24 inches long by 10 inches thick. Never wants the wood split up—you save that expense. It burns your wood in large chunks; it makes a regular heat and lasts longer. Is the greatest fire keeper in the world. Those sold already in the district have given grand satisfaction. PRICE $12. For sale by

WALTER ROWE HARVEY, Gen. Agent,
QU'APPELLE STATION, Assa.

A Grand Offer

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, acknowledged by all to be the best family paper in America, and The Progress for $1.75. Call early and renew your subscription as this offer will only be for a limited time. Every new subscriber to these two papers will receive the beautiful premium picture, "It Fell From the Nest."

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle St.

W. M. SMITH, Advocate, Etc., Indian Head. Office over Osmon's store

MEDICAL.

DR. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Physician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Graduate Toronto University and Licentiate College Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M., Graduate of McGill University, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, N.W.T. Office over the drug store.

The Queen's Hotel,

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.

FIRST-Class accommodation for guests. Table supplied with the best in the market. Fine sample rooms for commercial travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Porter meets all trains. Rates $1 per day.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,

House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging . . and Kalsomining . .

ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

QU'APPELLE STATION and INDIAN HEAD.

S. A. COLLINS,

Boot and Shoe Maker

Qu'Appelle Street,

QU'APPELLE STATION, - - ASSA.

Repairing done on short notice.

Merchant Tailors

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING SUIT OF CLOTHES, CALL ON . . .

J. H. Brethauer & Co.,

Who have got

THE BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE

Samples on the market.

Prices Right. Give Us a Call.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES

Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON,
BARRISTER,
QU'APPELLE

NEW STOCK

—OF—

FURNITURE

Lounges, Chairs, Window Shades, Etc.,

Have begun to arrive.

CALL AND SEE US.

FULL STOCK OF

OATMEAL

OGILVIES' AND FORT QU'APPELLE

FLOUR

Oats, Bran, Etc.

G. H. V. BULYEA

C. BABBIT,

AGENT FOR

NEW SINGER VIBRATOR SEWING MACHINE.

Sewing Machine and Gun Oil. Watchmaker and Jeweller. Sewing Machines and Guns Repaired on shortest notice. Qu'Appelle Station and Indian Head, Assa.

Wanted. I can pay ten dollars weekly to a lady of mature age, refinement and tact to spend her time in a good cause. T. H. LINCOTT, Toronto, Ont.

ART IN WHITE GOWNS

SHEER FABRICS THAT DEMAND TASTE ON THE PART OF THE WEARER.

Lovely Models Shown for This Summer's Wear—An Exquisite White Victoria Lawn—How It Is Made—The Latest Frills.

Women who have thought about the white gowns they were going to have have combined their action to thought as long as the delightfully cool weather of June lasted, but now that midsummer is upon us and heat is no more a mythical term, the shops are crowded with women buying up all kinds of Victoria lawns, muslins and other cool fabrics that will temper the heat to the body and give grace and ease to a woman when the thermometer is over 90 degrees.

Many of these white gowns when not simply made are an art to build. There is the everlasting shirt waist and skirt to fall back on, but these only serve for the morning hours. But for afternoon teas, garden parties and summer theatres there are the more elaborate styles, which call for brainy ideas.

Let me suggest to you a few styles which I have impressed on me while observing women who led in fashion at recent affairs.

For instance, take one exquisite white Victoria lawn. The skirt was made fitting plainly over the hips with a deal of fullness in the back, which lent a decided flare to the bottom, around which was one narrow ruffle of white, edged at its hem with a narrower ruffle of white lace, and bands of black lace insertion were placed zigzag around the skirt as high as the knees.

The bodice was very full in front, falling quite a bit over the belt; the yoke was formed of zigzag bands of white lace applied on the white lawn, and the sleeves had two small puffs at the tops of the white, and the long undersleeve was of shirred white point d'esprit, with narrow ruffles of white at the wrist edged with fine black lace.

About the waist was a girdle of white satin ribbon of one piece, tied at the back into a very small butterfly bow, with two broad streamers of unequal length hanging nearly to the hem of the skirt. These ends were also edged with black lace. The collar was of plain white satin and the only touch of color was given by a tiny ruching of green chiffon at the neck.

With this effective costume was worn a broad white chip hat, turned up boldly at the side and caught with two black bird and a rosette of green Brussels net. Around the brim was a scarf of white gauze, caught down twice with a rosette of green and a rosette of black.

A companion dress, which was just as effective, but not in plain white, was of light green muslin. The skirt had three rows of shirring around the hips, the shirring coming a little lower in the front and curving up to the waist in the back. It fell in deep scallops at the bottom, edged with a double ruffle of white Brussels net.

These scallops were slashed quite high on the side and showed an underskirt of the same green muslin, around the bottom of which was a narrow green ruffle, also edged with a white footing. The waist had a small sleeveless bolero vest of green and white checked taffeta, cut very high in the back and edged all around with a pleating of white footing.

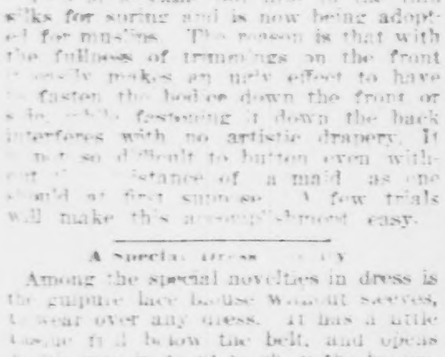
This was worn over a French blouse of green-checked green muslin, which hung two inches over the belt back and front. The belt was a narrow green ribbon, caught very low in front with a tiny cut steel buckle. The sleeves were very full and were confined and strapped with two bands of white satin at the top to hold the puff in place. The collar was of green and white checked taffeta, with a heavy ruching of white footing.

One of the new ideas about white muslin gowns is to button them up the back. This is advocated by some of the smartest dressmakers and is worn by many girls who have brought their gowns from abroad.

This style came out first in the thin silks for suiting and is now being adopted for muslins. The reason is that with the fullness of trimmings on the front it usually makes an ugly effect to have to fasten the bodice down the front or side, while fastening it down the back interferes with no artistic drapery. It is not so difficult to button even without the assistance of a maid as one would at first suppose. A few trials will make this accomplishment easy.

A Special Dress Novelty.

Among the special novelties in dress is the guipure lace bodice without sleeves, to wear over any dress. It has a little basque full below the belt, and opens a little way in front to show the bodice. Large sailor collars of white linen are a feature of some of the foulard gowns, and they have a two-inch border of black and white striped batiste. Where this joins the plain white applique figures of yellow guipure lace are sewn on a little distance apart. One of the prettiest collars of the season has one of these scallops opening a little in front, to show a narrow vest of cream guipure over white chiffon, down each side of which is a narrow knife-plaited frill of silk, edged with lace. Three little frills trim the skirt, a black taffeta sash ties around the waist, and the pattern is pink on a black and white ground.



RELIEVES IN 30 MINUTES.

A MAGICAL LIFE-SAVER.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath, weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells at night, pains in region of heart. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, aches or palpitates, it is diseased, and if life is valued treatment must be taken. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is the only remedy yet discovered which will always give relief in 30 minutes, and cure absolutely.—28

The Aureole Hat.

This becoming hat, which frames the face like a halo, is the keynote of coming styles in millinery. The tip-tilted hat is having its last triumphs.

TABLE DECORATION.

Not as Elaborate Now as It Was a Few Seasons Ago.

There is a slight reactionary effect against overloading the dinner and luncheon tables with decorations. On grand occasions it is more usual to see

CHILD'S DRESS.

the table dressed with a white cloth of finest damask on which the floral decorations rest. This gives opportunity for individuality in the arrangement of the flowers about the table, and the prettiest effects ever made in table decorations are done by the means of just the arrangement of dishes and bonbons on the cloth.

Embroidered centerpieces are by no means discarded and worn just as necessary a part of a housekeeper's outfit as they have ever done, but the inclination is to limit them to everyday use. When the dinner table is set for the family dinner, flowers are not usually present in profusion. An embroidered center cloth, either round or rectangular, will take their place on a long measure if a small jardiniere or vase of flowers stands upon it.

The inclination of the moment in embroideries is toward conventional designs rather than floral, and in accordance with this we give a sketch which suggests the use of figures of Delfware and which must be executed entirely in shades of blue and white. It is to be deplored that those who order such matters should have decreed the withdrawal of floral designs, for they have just reached a state of such exquisite perfection as to rival painted flowers in their capacity for delighting the eye.—Illustrated American.

A Parisian Home Dress.

The dress illustrated, from the Paris establishment of Mme. E. & M. Worth, is of deep ruby China crape. The skirt is round and touches the ground, tight fitting in front and at the sides, and has the semblance of a pleat behind, laid in the inset. It has a narrow apron edged on each side by a band of blue satin ribbon embroidered with chevrons and spots in cream silk, and ornamented at the bottom with four panels of old Venice guipure about twenty centimetres

A PARISIAN HOME DRESS.

in height, edged with the same satin ribbon. Above the two centre panels are three black passementerie buttons ornamented with loops. The corsage is a blouse ornamented with small designs inlaid in cream lace, and with a panel pointed at the bottom down the centre, edged with the same embroidered black satin ribbon and three buttons on each side like those on the skirt. The yoke is made of old yellow Venice guipure, very heavy in design, cut square and edged with black embroidered satin ribbon. The sleeves are tight from the shoulder to the wrist, and ornamented with small ridges all along the inner seam. At the shoulders are small puffs over which are jockeys of Venice guipure coming rather low down, both in front and behind. The neck trimming is of heavy guipure and the collarette of a lighter description. The waistband is of black satin ribbon with an elegant bow on the left side.

Queen Victoria's Next Fan.

In connection with the recent fan exhibition held under the patronage of her Majesty, the Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the prize fan which the Master Wardens and Court of Assistants of the Worshipful Company of Fanmakers sent through Mr. Homewood Crawford, the chairman of the Exhibition Committee, for Her Majesty's acceptance. The leaf of the fan was worked by Miss L. Oldroyd of Deene Manor, Chilham, Kent, a lady member of the company, and is composed of Maltese lace, cream silk, with gold thread and spangles, and bears eight heraldic badges. The fan stick was beautifully carved in ivory, inlaid with gold by Mr. Robert Gleeson of Messrs. Durell & Co., also a member of the company, and the fan was riveted with diamonds, and inclosed in a handsome case with a crown and the royal initials in eighteen carat gold. In acknowledging the receipt of the fan Lieut.-Col. Sir Arthur Bigge, by command of the Queen, expressed Her Majesty's thanks for the gift, and her gratification that the fan was entirely of British work.—London Times.

New Style of Letter Lines.

The following letter written on an ordinary gentleman's linen collar was recently received at the San Francisco Board of Health office: "Board of Health: Having used up all the writing paper I possess in a vain endeavor to have the Bryant street sewer, from Twenty-sixth to Army streets, attended to, I am now compelled to use my linen to inform your office that its [illegible] warrants attention. There evidently some one connected with the Health Office not doing his duty, and who [illegible] the best room there has been [illegible] the [illegible] of this sewer, and [illegible] shall [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] was truly, M. P. Jones."—Medical News.

THE LOADER

I hear the singing of the scythe
As through the tall green grass the blade
Passes. I watch the motions made
By sturdy arms, brown, strong, and fine.

Across my back lot, where the weeds
And timothy have held their sway,
Its coming this summer day.
His perspiration falls in beads.

Remorselessly as Azrael
He cuts his way through that dense growth—
Methought I heard a German oath * * *
A love's lost, I suppose. Ah well.

Henry is tall and red of face,
And broad of back and strong of limb.
How good it is to look on him
As he moves up and down the place!

It is soothing thing to sit
Here in this porch's cooling shade
And listen to the singing blade,
And know that I've got out of it.

I love the honest workingman;
I love to watch him at his work,
And see his arms curve, swing and jerk—
And rock myself, and fan and fan.

Across my lot, with giant swings,
Henry goes amputating grass,
And sweating resignedly, alas,
At bumble-bees and such-like things.

An honest man at honest toil—
What better, nobler sight could be?
It fills me with delight to see
Good Henry swing his scythe—and broil.

WEAK AND WEARY WOMEN FIND A REAL FRIEND IN SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE

PERHAPS he was a cynic, but some one has said that in this age there are no healthy women. The age has many women, strong and noble physically, as they are mentally and morally; but it is true nevertheless that a large percentage of the women of the country suffer from nervousness and general debility. They drag out a weary existence, and each day is a day of pain and suffering. This was the case with Miss Annie Patterson, of Sackville, N. B. She suffered terribly from indigestion and nervousness. She was influenced by some one, somehow, to try South American Nervine. Of course, it was like hoping against hope—another patent medicine. But she had taken only one bottle when her system began to take on the health of earliest years, and after using three bottles she was completely cured. No wonder she is strong in her conviction that there is no remedy like South American Nervine.—29.

ONE HONEST MAN.

To the publisher:

Please inform your readers that it written confidentially I will mail in a sealed envelope the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly strength after years of suffering, nervous weakness, lost vigor, unnatural discharges, and lack of development.

I have no scheme to extort money from any one. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and sound, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Unsolicited endorements from my grateful friends who have been cured through my free advice:

Mr. Mulford: "I saw your notice in the paper some time ago, and wrote you about my case. After following your advice, which you so kindly gave me, I am very glad to say that I am now perfectly cured. I wish to thank you a thousand times for your kindness."

"Heaven grant you a long and prosperous life, is the wish of a cured friend."

"Judge of my surprise to receive a kind letter of so valuable advice, absolutely free."

"I is the first advertisement that I have answered that did not ask me to call at the express office and pay for medicine that I had not ordered."

"I am happy to say that you are truly an honest man, and deserve the endorsement of both pulpit and press."

In conclusion: I have nothing to sell and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp, Mr. Wm. T. Mulford, Agents' supplies, P.O. Box 59, St. Henri, Montreal, Can.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar

for

Medicine

until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

Established 1877. CAPITAL, $250,000 Incorporated June 16, 1893.

Jas. McMillan & Co.

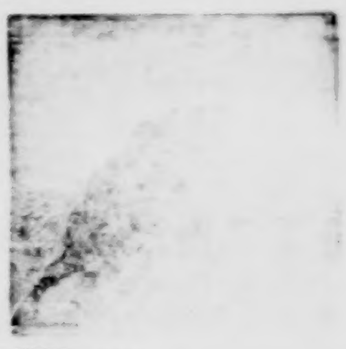
DEALERS IN INCORPORATED.

HIDES, PELTS, FURS, WOOL,

TALLOW, GINSENG AND SENECA.

PROPRIETORS OF THE MINNEAPOLIS SHEEPSKIN TANNERY AND TWIN CITY TALLOW WORKS.

EXPORTERS OF NORTHERN FURS



Shipments Solicited.

Careful Selection, Full Prices.

Tags and

Bank of Minnesota, Minneapolis. National Bank, St. Paul.

MAIN HOUSE, 2[illegible]

MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA.

Ocean Steamships

ROYAL MAIL LINES

Shortest and quickest route to the Country.

		From Montreal.
Steamer California,	Allan Line	Oct. 16
Parisian	"	Oct. 20
Vancouver	Dominion Line,	Oct. 23
Scandinavian	"	Nov. 6
Lake Superior	Beaver Line	Oct. [illegible]
		From New York.
Germanic	White Star Line	Oct. [illegible]
Paris	American Line	Oct. 25
Campania	Cunard Line	Oct. 16
Umbria	"	" 23
Mongolian	Allan State Line	Oct. 15
State of Nebraska	"	" 29

Cabin $40, $45, $50, $60, $70, $80, upwards. Intermediate $30 to $35. Steerage $24.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at specially low rates to all parts of the European Continent. Prepaid passages arranged from all points. Apply to the Station Agent, Qu'Appelle,

Or to WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent, Winnipeg

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

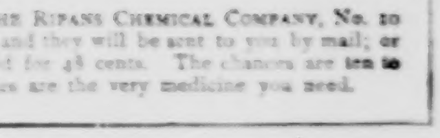
GET RICH QUICKLY. Write to-day for our beautiful illustrated Book on Patents and the fascinating story of a poor Inventor who made $250,000.00. Send us a **rough sketch or model** of your invention and we will promptly tell you **FREE** if it is new and probably patentable.

No humbug, Honest Service. Specialty: **Tough cases** rejected in other hands and foreign applications. **References:** Honorable T. Berthiaume, prop. of "La Presse," Honorable D. A. Ross, the leading newspapers, Banks, Express Companies & clients in any locality. All Patents secured through our agency are brought before the public by a special notice in over 300 newspapers. **MARION & MARION, Patent Experts,** Temple Building, 185 St. James St., Montreal. The only firm of **Graduate Engineers** in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively. Mention this paper.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM for sale. Cheap for cash, or will exchange for cattle. Apply at The Progress Office.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE & POCKET DIRECTORY TO WPG., MAN. & NORTH WEST 50c y'ly



CHOICE OF

SIX ROUTES

TO

MONTREAL,
TORONTO,
NEW YORK

And All Eastern Points.

Lake Steamers leave Fort William FOR OWEN SOUND

ALBERTA . . . Every Tuesday
ATHABASCA, . . . Every Thursday
MANITOBA . . . Every Sunday

Connecting trains leave Winnipeg at 12.40, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

If you are going East or to the Old Country this fall, write for a list of the rates that are to be in effect.

If you are looking for a place to spend the Winter,

Japan and the Hawaiian Islands

are reached as easy as other points and the expense is less than at other resorts.

For information and full particulars apply to your home agent, or to

ROBERT KERR,
Traffic Manager, Winnipeg

A SNAP.

9 VOLS. Chambers Encyclopedia, 5 vols. Victor Hugo's works, for sale at a bargain. Apply at Progress Office.

Ladies

send three cents for circular of medicated silk sponge for medicinal purposes. Agents for Dr. Hooper female pills, safe, sure and reliable. $1 per box, sent on receipt of price.

MADAME DE FROSS, Toronto.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL and BUSINESS 50c y'ly

Qu'Appelle Observatory.

Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Oct. 19, 1897.

		Maximum.	Minimum
Wednesday, Oct.	13	35	24
Tuesday,	" 14	25	42
Friday,	" 15	37	16
Saturday,	" 16	52	30
Sunday,	" 17	59	33
Monday,	" 18	56	28
Tuesday,	" 19	47	28

Oct. 20.—Barometer reduced to sea level, 29.931.

Local and General

How dear to our heart is
Cash on subscription,
When the generous subscriber
Presents it to view;
But the man who don't pay
We refrain from description,
For perhaps, gentle reader,
That man might be you.

—Mr. J. Love of Touchwood, is in town this week.

—The teachers' convention opened to-day in the new schoolhouse.

—This number of The Progress begins its thirteenth year of publication.

—Mr. J. F. Lindsay (Little Jack) of the Massey-Harris Co., was in town Tuesday.

—Just arrived, complete stock of Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishings.
C. T. BAILEY & Co.

—Mr. J. Doolittle has accepted the agency for the sale of Uxbridge pianos and organs at this point.

—Mr Thos. Clark informs us that the grain in his neighborhood is turning out much better than expected.

—The young friends of Miss Lina Scott express regret at her illness, which we are pleased to say is not of a serious nature.

—Mr. and Mrs. Welch, of the Experimental Farm, who have been visiting Mr. W. G. Cooper, Vernon, returned home on Sunday last.

—Northwest Land Co. sales from Jan. 1st to Sept 30 h were 23,690 acres, for $130 059 as against 9,100 acres, for $57 000 in the corresponding period last year.

—Messrs. Kirkland and Harvey, Indian Head, accompanied by Messrs Orchard, Green, Swift and D. Mackay of Indian Head are gone to Buffalo Lake to shoot geese.

—Mr. F. E. Davis of Grenfell, manager of the wholesale department of the Uxbridge Piano and Organ company for the Territories, visited Qu'Appelle on Saturday.

—We extend congratulations to Editor Stewart of the Prince Albert Advocate, on the occasion of his marriage to Miss Minnie Thompson of that place, on the 29th ult.

—Miss Rutherford, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Cameron, Edgeley Farm, left for Windermere, England, on Monday evening, sailing by the Vancouver on the 23rd.

—Our thanks are due the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for a copy of the Dominion Year Book of Canada for 1896, compiled by George Johnston, F.S.S. (hon.), statistician.

—Mr. John Dempster, of Rosshire, Scotland, paid a visit to Edgeley Farm last week with a view of taking up land; he was much pleased with this district and will likely return in spring. Mr. Dempster returned to Scotland via Chicago and New York.

—On Monday as the stage was going down the hill at the Fort, the pole slipped out of the neck yoke, causing the horses to run away. Two lady passengers were more or less hurt, but it is hoped not seriously, before the driver succeeded in stopping the team.

—Our town possesses at least one enthusiastic curler. After the snowfall yesterday morning, one of the members of our curling club was seen out on the streets with a besom. We believe, however, that he was unable to secure another like minded with himself, and so was defrauded of his game.—Echo.

—On Wednesday evening last, 13th inst., Mr. John Densmore retired to a sleeping apartment over the Palace Livery stables, Indian Head, and when the room was entered two hours later he was found dead. The room was filled with smoke and gas and it is understood the direct cause of death from suffocation. Mr. Densmore had many good qualities as a man and a citizen, and his removal is much regretted.—Prairie Witness.

Grace Ella Aiton, Hartland, N.B., Cured of Eczema.

I do hereby certify that my daughter, Grace Ella, was cured of Eczema of several years' standing by four boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment.
W. E. Thistle, Druggist. ANDREW AITON,
Witness. Hartland, N.B.

—Messrs. W. Vatcher and Geo. Nurse, returned this morning from the Old Country, glad to get back to the land of No. 1 hard wheat and bright sunshine and fat cattle.

Richmond Fire Hall,
Toronto, 26th Feb., 1897.

Dear Sirs—Constipation for years has been for years my chief ailment; it seemed to come oftener in spite of all I could do. However, some time ago I was told to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which I have done, with the result of what now appears to be a perfect cure.—Truly yours,
J. HARRIS.

—Mr. W. J. K. Osborne, representing the wholesale clothing firm of A. L. Campbell & Co., Montreal, spent a day in town this week, going to the Fort Tuesday morning. Mr. Osborne is one of Winnipeg's famous crew who took part in the last Henley regatta.

—Staff-Sergt. Tracy, N.W.M.P., arrived in town from Regina on Wednesday, and is busy examining cases of lumpy jaw in the district. Those having cattle suffering from this disease should be particular to inform the members of the police force, so that steps may be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.—Echo.

—Extra copies of the Klondyke number of the Commercial, with maps and full information about the Edmonton route to the Klondyke, will be mailed to any address for 15c or two copies for 25c. Twenty five or more copies, ten cents each. A large issue has been printed, and we can supply any number.

MAIDEN BLUSHES.

How They Fade When the Hand of Disease and Disorder Lays Hands on Them—What a God-send is a Reliable and Well Tried Remedy—How we Hail the Return of the Pink of Health Under its Influence If it's Good for the Maiden, it's Good for the Mother.

"My daughter had been ailing for nearly two years with nervous prostration, indigestion and other complaints which girls in their teens are subject to. For days at a time she was confined to her bed, and could retain nothing on her stomach. Our family physician finally declared she was in a decline. We despaired of her recovery. She gradually grew worse. I had found so little benefit from remedies I was skeptical about trying South American Nervine. I, however, procured a bottle and relief came like magic; the pain left her in a day, and after taking five bottles she was completely cured, and as well and hearty as she ever had been." Mrs. Geo. Booth, Orangeville, Ont. Sold by Henderson & Parker.

The Temperance Lecture.

Bristling with humor and replete with solid facts and figures was the temperance lecture delivered on Tuesday evening by Mr. Allen. Mr. Allen is, without doubt, one of the ablest lecturers on the temperance platform to-day, and his manner of driving home and clinching each argument with solid facts and figures, makes his lectures both interesting and instructive, and his statements and accusations concerning the liquor traffic indisputable At the conclusion of the lecture a hearty vote of thanks was accorded the lecturer. Mr. J. R. Brown occupied the chair in his usual able manner.

Obituary.

WILLIAM CAMPION, SR.

This week we have to record the death of Mr. William Campion, Sr., which took place at the residence of his son on Monday morning, 18th inst., aged 68, much regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. The deceased had been ailing for a time during the early part of the summer, but recovered and appeared to be quite well again until a few weeks ago when he was taken down with typhoid symptoms which with heart weakness carried him off. Mr. Campion was a quiet, unassuming gentleman of fine scholarly attainments, and was much respected by all with whom he came in contact. He came to Qu'Appelle from England about three years ago. He leaves five children—three in England and two in the Northwest—Mrs. H. Cameron of MacDowall, and William, our esteemed fellow-townsman, to whom the sympathy of all is extended. The funeral on Tuesday, from the Church of England was well attended, Rev. Mr. Sargent reading the beautiful and impressive burial service. The pall-bearers, Messrs. W. Broley, A. S. Empey, A. Raymond, W. Johnston, J. Caldwell and S. T. Scott, performing their last sad duty to the deceased, the remains being interred in Qu'Appelle cemetery.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

·DR·
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Declares His Policy.

(Continued from first page.)

altogether out of proportion to their income that was a difficulty they would have to confront. At present they were giving twice as much in the way of grants as they did in Manitoba and nearly three times as much as in Ontario. But they must look forward to the time when possibly these school grants must be cut down. The figures showed that 95 out of every 100 children were going to the public schools, and 95 per cent of their money and a corresponding amount of their work and efforts were being directed towards public schools, there was not very much in the cry that the Education Department was running wild on the subject of higher education. The training of teachers was a very important part of the system, and facts showed that the number of teachers engaged holding higher class certificates was rapidly increasing. Another important department was that of Public Works. That was more strictly under the supervision of Mr. Ross, and he need say no more to impress them with the fact that the work of that department would be honestly and faithfully carried out. (Hear, hear.) The old policy of public works was one with which they were all practically acquainted. The system was greatly abused and it became impossible to continue it. In future they would not divide the money up into so many parts, but were going to look about over the Territories for work that was absolutely necessary, and that was the work that would be done. There was the serious question of water. In the west they had a number of rivers and deep river valleys to be bridged. In the east they had a very poor water supply. They were confronted with the necessity of bridging the streams and of supplying water. On an equal division of money it would be impossible to do that. Now, say it cost $10,000, $12,000 or $20,000 in any year to do a certain amount of work, that work had to be done, If no work was done in a district this year probably it would be done some other year, but only when that work was necessary and of a permanent character.

They promised and pledged as far as in their power to carry on the government on business principles and on business methods. That was the first meeting in what might be called an election contest. He had known Mr. Ross for ten years; he had sat with him in the house for ten years; he had found him a good legislator, a good representative and a good member of a government, a good speaker, and what was more to him (Mr. Haultain) than anything else, a good, faithful, loyal friend. In Mr. Ross they had all those things, and they could make no mistake in giving him the compliment of an election by acclamation; he deserved it. (Loud applause.)

—Messrs. Haultain, Ross and Bulyea, will address a public meeting in the town hall, on Saturday evening.

KIDNEY SENSE.

How many discover when it is too late that the kidneys have literally been ground out by the little solid particles which are contained in the blood of all sufferers from kidney disease, and which accumulate in these organs. Common sense says and medical science has proven it that a liquid solvent which will dissolve these solids and eradicate them from the system is the only sure cure for kidney disorder. South American Kidney Cure is a solvent. It has been tested in almost hopeless cases, and there has yet to be recorded against it a failure to cure when it has had a faithful trial. Pills will not do it as they are not solvents. Don't trifle. Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Lebret Locals.

(From our own correspondent.)

We have to record this week the deaths of Artumese Goyer, aged 18, and of Johnny, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Bocz. The sympathies of all acquaintances are extended to the bereaved parents.

Owing to an alleged default, the effects of Mr. Plisson's store will be sold on the 25th. It is to be regretted that such a course was found to be necessary, and Mr. Plisson's removal will be a loss to the community. Mr. Guernsey is acting as bailiff.

The Lebret school has been closed for the past two weeks, owing to the prevalence of scarlet fever.

GONE TO A SHADOW.

Racked by Pain, Bed-Ridden, Life Despaired of—South American Rheumatic Cure was the Good Angel Which Stilled the Tempest and Piloted Safely into the Harbor of Health.

"I was so troubled with sciatica that at times the pain and suffering I experienced was excruciating. I failed in flesh to almost a shadow. I was almost continuously in bed for over a year, and I had spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring. I had almost given up hope of a cure. A relative who had been cured of the same disease by South American Rheumatic Cure, induced me to try it. The first dose gave me instant relief. After using three bottles I was completely cured." William Marshall, Varney, P.O., Ont. Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Fall Arrivals.

Stylish Capes & New Jackets for Ladies

Also Large Assortment of Dress Goods.

New Suits, New Pea Jackets and New Overcoats

For Men, Boys and Youths.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
QU'APPELLE STATION.

Messrs. MacCaul & Harvey

Beg to notify the public that their yard is now fully stocked with every description of Building Material, and that the following prices make competition impossible:

T. & G. Drop Siding and Flooring, at	$20 00
Sheeting, at	10 00
Clear Bevel Siding, at	14 00
Clear Ceiling, 4 in. V, at	20 00

Other lines equally cheap.

Brick and Blacksmith Coal and Hardwood always in stock.

BRINE & FETHERSTONHAUGH,

LIVERY STABLES

QU'APPELLE STATION and FORT QU'APPELLE

Daily Stage Between Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle Station.

First Class Rigs and Horses. Careful Drivers

☞ *Stage leaves Qu'Appelle Station and the Fort to suit passengers*

Markets.

Qu'Appelle, Assa., Oct. 21.

Wheat, per bushel, No. 1 hard	$ .73
Wheat " No. 2	.70
Oats "	.40
Bran per ton	12.0
Flour, per sack of 98 lbs	$2 45 to 2.60
Potatoes, per bushel	.4
Poultry, per lb	8c to 10
Pork, dressed	4c to 5
Hay, per ton	$4.00

DEATHS

CAMPION—At Qu'Appelle, on the 18th inst., William Campion, aged 68 years.

Bargains for Newspaper Readers.

We present to the readers of the Qu'Appelle Progress an opportunity to secure that great world's paper, The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal with its superb premium picture, at a considerable reduction. We do this to enable our own subscribers to save considerable money. The Family Herald and Weekly Star needs no description. It is known throughout the world. It circulates widely in every township of Canada and throughout the United States, Great Britian and Australia. The Family Herald and Weekly Star is enormous value for the small subscription price of one dollar. The Family Herald is not in competition with the Progress but goes with it as the great universal paper, making with the Progress the best value before the reading public of this continent. There goes with the Family Herald this autumn to all yearly subscribers when their remittances are received a beautiful premium picture, entitled "It Fell from the Nest," pronounced by all the known judges as a magnificent premium, a picture that tells a touching story. Remit to the publishers of The Progress $1.75 and you will receive the Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, and this paper.

This offer is limited as to time, and cannot be, together with the premium, accepted after the offer is withdrawn.

Address:
Publisher,
QU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WAGHORN'S GUIDE

$10 REWARD.

STRAYED from the Bell Farm, Indian Head, on the 11th August, 1 dark chestnut horse, pony, with white face two white front legs, branded HS on left shoulder; had leather halter on with about six feet of rope. Also one light sorrel pony mare, with white face, three white legs, and white spot on left side, branded HR on left shoulder, had leather halter on with five or six feet of rope. Anyone finding same or returning same to GEO. PHILLIPS, will receive the above reward.

FOR SALE.

DURHAM BULL, registered pedigree; is an exceedingly well made, large animal. Any person desirous of improving their stock should see him before purchasing elsewhere. Price very low. Apply to
W. C. CAMERON, Manager,
Edgeley P.O. Edgeley Farm.

WANTED.

WANTED—Dining room girl. Apply to THOS. BLACKWELL, Lebret Hotel, Qu'Appelle Stn. 54p

WANTED—Old established Wholesale House wants one or two industrious representatives. Can pay a hustler about $12 a week to start with. ADVERTISER, Medical Building, Toronto.

AGENTS—"The Best Popular Life of Her Majesty I have ever seen," writes Lord Lorne, about "Queen Victoria." Sales unprecedented. Easy to make five dollars daily. Big commission. Outfit free to canvassers. THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

WANTED—Solicitors for "Canada, an Encyclopedia of the Country," in Five Royal Quarto Volumes. No delivering. Commission paid weekly. A canvasser reports his first week making over seventy dollars profit. THE LINSCOTT COMPANY, Toronto.

AGENTS SELL "KLONDIKE GOLD Fields" like a whirlwind. Experienced canvassers reaping the richest harvest of their lives; new beginners doing wonders. Nearly everybody subscribers. One young fellow on a farm at $12 a month is making $75. A lady typewriter at $3 a week is clearing $11. A mechanic who had earned $1.50 a day is clearing $5 a day. We want more agents. Canvassing outfit 25c., worth $1. THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MILLINERY New Fall and Winter goods arriving daily.

All new and up-to-date—no trash. Something new in TAMS. Call and see my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, they are sure to please you. The latest and most approved system of cutting and fitting taught. Remember the place, Masonic Hall building, Qu'Appelle street.
MISS E. J. GRAY.

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly attended to.